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CANADA spends 170 million dollars a DAY on servicing loans of private banks.

This equates to over \$35 BILLION dollars of Canadian taxpayers money being paid on compound interest in 2009 or over \$1,000 per each Canadian.

Our Bank of Canada is the answer to many of the systemic challenges Canadians face today. As a nation we not only have a right, but a duty as well, to use what is collectively ours, the Bank of Canada.

The Bank of Canada, unlike the Federal Reserve in the U.S., is wholly owned by the people of Canada. It was nationalized in 1938 and was used very successfully to fund infrastructure, social programs, education, etc, for the benefit of all Canadians.

It was used to bring us out of the depression, funded WWII, to build highways such as the McDonald-Cartier freeway, public transportation systems, subway lines, airports, the St. Lawrence Seaway, our universal healthcare system and our Canada Pension Plan.

By 1974, Canada's accumulated federal debt since confederation was 18 billion. By 1977, after the government reduced its use of the Bank of Canada to carry public debt, it had risen 3000% to 588 billion. Today the debt is 500 billion, 95% which is compound interest owed to private banks and investors. Currently Canadian pay 37 billion approximately per year in debt servicing.

A central bank (Bank of Canada) properly used in the sovereign best interest of a nations` citizens will produce a better Canada for Canadians. We must return to the Bank of Canada. It is essential to maintaining our sovereignty, our monetary system must be kept in the hands of Canadians for Canadians.

CAP Therefore will do the following;

- 1) Ensure that a minimum of 50% of new money supply would be GCM on which no interest is paid (an increase from less than 5% currently)
- 2) Amend the Bank Act requiring banks and other deposit taking institutions to maintain statutory cash reserves with the Bank of Canada.
- 3) Follow a strict double-entry bookkeeping practice to keep track of the amortized debts of government investment and the depreciated value of its investments -both in physical investments and in human capital.
- 4) Continuation of an independent sovereign Canadian monetary system rooted in the utilization of the Bank of Canada.
- 5) Create a fairer, simpler and more equitable taxation system.



Whereas:

A re-empowered Bank of Canada is critical for the survival of Canada as an independent and sovereign nation.

The Bank of Canada, unlike the Federal Reserve in the U.S., is wholly owned by the people of Canada. It was nationalized in 1938 and was used very successfully to fund infrastructure, social programs, education, etc, for the benefit of all Canadians. It was used to bring us out of the depression, funded WWII, to build highways such as the McDonald-Cartier freeway, public transportation systems, subway lines, airports, the St. Lawrence Seaway, our universal healthcare system and our Canada Pension Plan.

Unfortunately, since Canada adopted economist Milton Friedman's theory of monetarism in 1974 this has not been the case and one can track the progression of the dismantling of Canada since then.

By 1974, Canada's accumulated federal debt since confederation was 18 billion. By 1977, after the government reduced its use of the Bank of Canada to carry public debt, it had risen 3000% to 588 billion. Today the debt is 500 billion, 95% which is compound interest owed to private banks and investors. Currently Canadian pay 37 billion approximately per year in debt servicing.


We must return to the Bank of Canada for a minimum of 50% of Government-created money (GCM). **It is essential to maintaining our sovereignty (our monetary system must not be in the complete control of the private bankers and corporate elites.** GCM could also be used to:

- Incrementally repatriate our debt back to the Bank of Canada, eventually eliminating the need of paying interest to private banks. **This means lower income taxes for all.**
- Fund new infrastructure (roads, bridges, hospitals, schools) could be built at a fraction of the cost because of reduced interest costs.
- Lend to provinces and municipalities at near or zero interest with the proviso that they maintain a certain level and quality of healthcare, housing and education. **That means lower property taxes for all.**
- Improve our universal health care system, reducing wait times and removing public-private partnerships. It is a proven fact that public healthcare systems are more efficient than private ones because profit is not the motive.
- Ensure that our public school systems and teachers are equipped with all that is necessary to bring forth future generations of well informed, well-rounded, well-educated adults capable of critical thinking.
- Lower and/or subsidize university tuitions so that all citizens would have an opportunity to attend institutions of higher learning should they wish, without ending up in the poor house.
- Alleviate the suffering of the poor, homeless, drug-addicted and mentally challenged.
- Invest in green technologies to save our environment.
- Invest in the family farm and new agricultural technologies that would eventually benefit all citizens.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party would:

- Ensure that a minimum of 50% of new money supply would be GCM on which not interest is paid (an increase from less than 5% currently).
-

- 
- Amend the Bank Act requiring banks and other deposit taking institutions to maintain statutory cash reserves with the Bank of Canada.



Whereas:

A central bank (Bank of Canada) properly used in the sovereign best interest of a nations` citizens requires the use of statutory reserves. Also previously known as fractional reserves, statutory reserves are an alternative to interest rates for regulating the economy.

Higher interest rates hit everything in the economy, and especially hurt the unemployed and do nothing to inhibit bank lending, which occurs whenever a profit is anticipated regardless of the rate of interest.

Statutory reserves, properly used, permit governments to exercise financial sovereignty in defense of society`s interest at minimum cost.

Statutory reserves can be applied to the economic sector that needs to be adjusted in order to permit the expansion and contraction of the money supply when and where it is required, and can be used effectively to inhibit inflation.

Statutory reserves give the government the use of interest free money to the extent permitted by the Bank of Canada Act.

Statutory reserves are an essential means of financing essential infrastructure for a modern society.

Note:

a) The reserves themselves do not finance infrastructure. Rather they allow the financing. The borrowing would still be done through the chartered banks at set interest rates, except in the case of a crown corporation, such as the almost defunct Canadian Central Housing Corporation.

b) Before the 1968 Bank Act changes, the rate of interest that a chartered bank could charge was 6%. In many cases they actually collected about 11% by levying the interest in advance for the entire period and collecting monthly payments. i.e., the borrower paid interest on the full amount, full term, but only had use of the 1st month amount for 1 month.

The statutory reserve is the requirement that banks deposit with the Bank of Canada a percentage of the [cash] deposits they received from the public. These statutory deposits do not earn the chartered banks any interest (i.e. the B of C does not pay out any interest to the chartered banks on this reserve). The percentage rate of the reserve requirement can vary determined by an overheated economy. [See #3]

The purpose and effect of statutory reserves is to regulate the multiplier – the number of multiples of reserve that a bank can lend. That is, a fractional reserve of 8% would allow a Chartered Bank to lend 11.00 for every 1.00 of its cash reserve.

$$11 \times 8 = 88.00 + \text{reserve of } 8.00 = 96.00$$

This provided the means of cooling off an overheated economy or stimulating a depressed economy without changing interest rates.

Statutory reserves were the basis of the most prosperous and productive quarter century in Canada`s history following WW2. (During this time Canada renewed and modernized it`s infrastructure that had been neglected during 10 years of depression and 6 years of war. New technologies were introduced and large numbers of refugees were assimilated and integrated into a higher and more productive standard of living, etc.).

The Chartered Bank Act pre 1968 limited the amount of interest that a Chartered Bank could charge at 6%. [See #5] Additionally, Chartered Banks could only lend for a period of 4 years. That`s why Trust Companies were the source of lending for mortgages of more than 4 years and most consumer loans (appliances) were for four years. Smart investors such as bank directors would borrow a few million from a Chartered Bank, and then deposit it in a Trust Company. The Bank of Canada was founded in 1935 under a Conservative government regime and was nationalized in 1938 under the Liberal government regime of William Lyon Mackenzie King by the purchase of 1200 private shares at a fair price.

Statutory Reserves Policy con't

Monetary Reform



Whereas:

Statutory Reserves were then and still are now an essential component of a sovereign banking system functioning in the best interest of the people of a nation. Following the nationalization of the Bank of Canada, the percentage of the federal debt ratio to the G.D.P. fell from 160% to 26%. The current proportion of the federal Canadian debt to the G.D.P. is 73.1%

Statutory Reserves in Canada followed the model established by President Roosevelt in the U.S.A. in 1935, in the U.S.A.'s The Bank Act of 1935.

The Statutory reserves were eliminated in Canada by the Mulroney Conservative government over two years beginning in 1991. Subsection (4) of Section 457 of Chapter 46 of the Statutes of Canada 1991 change the Bank Act to provide for the phasing out changes in the Bank Act respecting the requirement of our chartered banks to maintain reserves with the Bank of Canada (Meltdown William Krehm, p. 116).

Since the statutory reserves were eliminated, the percentage of the federal debt ratio to the GDP has escalated at incredible rates. (Chartered banks built up their holdings of government bonds, which no longer required cash reserves at the central bank, nor more capital of their own. Between December 1990 and August 1994, their portfolios of federal government bonds soared from \$.5 billion to \$35.6 B - i.e. by 900%. The total federal debt held by the banks increased by 300% to \$80 B. (Meltdown William Krehm, 153) An important distinction exists between financial capital and real capital.

97% of financial capital is abstract, abstracted from the real capital that has been monetized as a debt. Real Capital is the knowledge, skills, accumulated tools and material resources referred to by Adam Smith, when he said in The Wealth of Nations that "the wealth of a nation depends upon the extent to which it supplies its own needs, with its own people, their skills and tools and its own material resources". That is why education, as a prerequisite to training, is so important; not only how to work, but why to work.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party will re-institute the use of statutory reserves.

Note:

With the current cash reserve index (according to repeated references by Mr. Krehm) at about \$350 – \$400 to \$1.00, the immediate or rapid introduction of the percentage of reserves proposed, the economy would deflate about 300 times the amount and speed it deflated in 1927 – 1929.

The Chartered Bank credit that is now extant would have to be slowly reduced. Since most of the collateral is now monetized, (commoditized, and the shortage is forcing the Bank Credit to seek public property – value) the demonetization would have to be carefully orchestrated. Either that, or as Solon did in Ancient Greece, simply cancel all debt and start fresh.

The banks will not be allowed to use the reserve requirements as a justification for increasing interest rates or transaction fees.

Double Entry Bookkeeping Policy

Monetary Reform



Whereas:

1) It is impossible to find your way through the overgrown sub prime debt jungle that the world has become, unless you realize that there are two types of debt. The debt of our federal government that is spent into existence and hence bears no interest, and there is the debt lent into existence by banks which does bear interest.

and Whereas:

2) The government's borrowings from the Bank of Canada, of which it has been the sole shareholder since 1938, is the only legal tender in our land -that must be accepted in payment of any debt.

and Whereas:

3) The interest charged the government by the Bank of Canada comes back to it almost entirely in the form of dividends.

and Whereas:

4) The credit of the government when extended to domestic purchases or investments is backed by its taxing powers over the nation, the skills, talents and education of its inhabitants, and the wealth of our environment. That is why all these capital assets -whether they are traded on the market or not -must be preserved and properly valued when privatized

and Whereas:

5) The word "debt" calls to mind a negative sign before a number of dollars, but government debt would be more realistically conceived and would be better understood if we trained ourselves to think of it with a large positive sign before it.

and Whereas:

The government must handle its own spending -and hence the country's money creation responsibly.

Therefore:

Be it resolved that CAP/PAC reaffirm its policy that CAP calls on the Canadian government to follow a strict double-entry bookkeeping practice in order to keep track not only of the amortized debts of government investment but also of the depreciated value of its investments -both in physical investments and in human capital.



Whereas:

The Rooseveltian banking reform, which became the model throughout much of the Western world, provided an alternative to raising the benchmark central bank interest rate in the statutory reserves that banks had to redeposit with the central bank from the deposits made with them by the public.

However, particularly since the 1970s the banks, having cleaned up their balance sheets during the years during which they were restricted to banking, were lobbying for further deregulation and globalization. By the 1980s in particular, they lost much of their capital in their involvement with mortgages, and to bail them out from their plight, the Bank for International Settlements -that conducted the comeback plans of the world's banks, the BIS brought in its "Risk-Based capital requirements" for banks of developed countries that declared government debt of such governments to be "risk-free" hence requiring no down payment for the banks to acquire. As a result the Canadian banks increased their holdings from around \$20 billion to \$100 billion.

The elimination of the statutory reserves between 1991-3 left the benchmark interest rate the only device for the central bank to dampen or stimulate the economy. And that awarded unique control position of the economy to the speculative financial sector, whose primary revenue is interest.

The BIS, and all the central bankers, around it overlooked a detail. To fight inflation that could be expected from such a great infusion of capital into the banking systems, the BIS raised interest rates to the heavens, proclaiming what to be "zero inflation" -i.e. an absolutely flat price level as alone acceptable. But with the banks loaded up with completely leveraged government bonds issued earlier with drastically lower coupons, the banks suffered a massive loss. This caused a major monetary crisis in Mexico that threatened to bring down the world financial system. Mexico's banks closed their doors and , though only recently privatized again, once again were taken over by the government. Eventually 85% of the banks of that proudly nationalist country ended up under foreign control.

The Mexican banking crisis was prevented from bringing down the world banking system, an emergency fund of \$51 billion was put up by the USA, the IMF, and Canada. It was not used, but the United States government had learned an important lesson.

It became clear that the age of sky-high interest rates was over. For the deregulated banks were in no position to forgo the mountains of government debt they were now authorized to acquire with no downpayment.

A way out was devised by Robert Rubin, a Wall Street alumnus. With very few exceptions, governments of the day did not keep their books according to the double-entry system supposed to have been brought back from the Near East by the Crusader about a thousand years ago. That requires that each transaction enter the firm's ledger twice: once as the value of a given acquired asset depreciated over its likely period of usefulness, and then the amount of money paid for it amortized over a reasonable period. That is known as accrual accountancy or capital accountancy; the system by far most governments employed as "cash accountancy". By this the debt incurred for the acquisition was carefully amortized over the term of its financing, but the value of the asset was written off in the year when the transaction was concluded. Obviously that left a deficit that was not really there. Private firms employing such bogus accountancy would find themselves in deep trouble when the tax sleuths caught up with them. But the fictitious bookkeeping of the governments themselves had considerable strategic advantages. It bolstered the argument, that we cannot afford social programs, and above all it made for some handsome privatization deals when highly expensive real estate or other infrastructure booked at a minute portion of its real value.



The Clinton government got around that difficulty when it switched to accrual accountancy and replacing \$1 dollar token value with a properly amortized value of the asset, and working the conversion back to

1959 came up with some \$1.3 trillion dollars of greater asset value. That first appeared in the Secretary of Commerce's book in January 1996, but under the headings of "Savings", which economists apply only to cash or assets readily convertible into cash. However, a nudge and a wink to the appraisers, who we know from the current sub prime investigations to be highly obliging folk did the job. The lower interest rates that ensued from the revelation of so much net value in the government's estate brought in a low interest area that gave Clinton a second term rewarded the nation with the prolonged technological boom that burst only as the new millennium had its foot in the door.

How dear the bogus low pricing has been to the private financiers appears from the persistent refusal to bring in accrual accountancy in Canada, even though the Auditor-General refused to sign off on two annual reports on government financing. Finally a sordid compromise was reached when the government switched to accrual accountancy, but only when it had elicited a degrading statement from the A-G to the effect that since no new money had entered the Treasury as a result of the agreement; it should not be taken as a reason for expenditures on new programs.

However, when the successive bailouts of our banks had left holes in the federal treasury the federal government had downloaded crucial social programs onto the provincial government without the revenue to pay for them, a compliment that the provinces lost no time in passing on to the municipalities.

That is the origin of the potholes in our roads, and the violence in our schools.

Therefore:

We must ask that serious double-entry accountancy be brought into the finances of the nation. The Bank of Canada must be used for the purposes for which it was nationalized in 1938, at a good profit for the 12,000 private shareholders who had held their shares only for some four years. Both the federal and provincial governments are eligible for financing both their funded and unfunded debt in generous amounts. Municipalities, as corporations, can with guarantee either of the federal or of a provincial government.

The interest paid on such loans, of course, would come back as dividends only to the federal government which is the Bank of Canada's single shareholder. But the federal government could reach a fair arrangement with the province or municipality that may have used Bank of Canada financing. It would straighten out the tangled financial relations of the different government and help usher in a happier period in the relations of our various levels of government.

Common Currency Policy

Monetary Reform



Dollarization in a North American Union vs. National Monetary sovereignty

It is important to understand that if we use our Bank of Canada as was intended, there is no possibility of a common North American currency that could be used in Canada or could replace our Canadian dollar!

Whereas:

There currently exists an unconstitutional restructuring of Canada, the USA and Mexico into the formation of a supra-NAFTA, supra-regional political and economic entity, driven by the agenda of the financial/industrial corporate elite of North America.

The former Liberal Prime Minister of Canada (Paul Martin) and the Presidents of both the USA and Mexico, signed an agreement in March of 2005 called “The Security and Prosperity Partnership Agreement” which promised to implement and effect that elite agenda;

The three national leaders met again in March of 2006 (This time the Canadian Conservative Prime Minister Steven Harper) reporting to each other on the progress of their countries’ respective implementation.

This North American Union entity is surreptitiously eliminating the sovereignty of the people of all three countries. This restructuring is occurring bureaucratically outside of the Parliamentary process. The changes appear before Parliament incrementally and are rubber-stamped. Such restructuring exceeds the power and authority of the executive branch of government and violates the constitutional rights and protections of the citizens of the three respective nations. These constitutional rights belong to the citizens of each country, not to the corporate elite, nor national leaders, nor to the governments.

The Council on Foreign Relations in the USA, produced a report in 2001, called Building a North American Community”. Among other things, that report called for the creation of a new shared currency called the “AMERO”, a currency proposed to replace the U.S. dollar, the Canadian dollar, and the Mexican Peso.

Other proposals called for the adoption in North America of the U.S. dollar, i.e., the dollarization of Canadian and Mexican currency presumably governed by the U.S. Federal Reserve, a collection of powerful U.S. private banks. There is no greater aspect of sovereignty than the currency of a country.

An independent currency empowers a nation to protect its national interest as and when necessary. (This was proven in Mexico and the Argentine when scholars reached the conclusion that governments that did not make their currency dependent on the U.S. dollar fared far better than those who did.)

A common currency of Canada and Mexico with the U.S.A. would be a subordination of Canadian and Mexican currency to that of the United States, as happened catastrophically in Mexico in 1995 and in the Argentine around 2000.

At the beginning of the millennium, Argentina was persuaded to have every peso backed by American currency before it could be issued. Thereafter Argentina descended rapidly from the most developed Latin American country to that of third world status. In 1995, after Mexico issued its debt payable either in U.S. dollars or in the Mexican peso at the holder’s choice, and after NAFTA caused the abolition of all restrictions on the movement of short-term money across the frontier, the Mexican peso lost 40% of its value, and the Mexican standard of living tumbled to the worst level in generations.

The idea of Canada adopting the U.S. currency has been raised and dismissed before in Canada, but the corporate financial elite refuse to take “no” for an answer.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party calls for the continuation of an independent sovereign Canadian monetary system rooted in the utilization of the Bank of Canada and we reject any suggestion of a “common currency” with any other country, or the dollarization of Canada’s currency by the United States

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Responsible Fair Taxation

Cutting taxes is only part of the problem. The manner in which our tax dollars have been spent or mismanaged must be resolved immediately.

Almost everyone would like to see further tax cuts but the extent of these would have to be weighed against other priorities like healthcare, affordable housing, day-care, and a dozen other areas including better safety inspection of our food, water and transportation systems. Corporate taxation needs to be reviewed immediately. Everyone that does business in Canada uses the systems of Canada and must pay their share to support a viable progressive system. We must ensure that we have the funds in place to pay for corporate mistakes in environmental issues and not put the burden solely on individual taxpayers.

There is one tax, however, that should be removed and that is the Goods and Services Tax.

CAP confirms its long-standing policy in that regard. The GST on books, newspapers, periodicals, postage stamps and theatre tickets would be eliminated immediately. The tax on all other items would be reduced from 6% to 5%. In the second budget the GST would be reduced from 5% to 3%.

In the third budget the GST would be TOTALLY ELIMINATED.

The Canadian Action Party would pursue the full employment strategy that was envisioned when the Bank of Canada Act was passed. By getting unemployed people back to work, Employment Insurance and welfare costs would decrease, and tax revenues would increase to help offset the loss of revenue from the GST.

Computer simulations show that the tax can be eliminated over three years, by injecting 68- 70 billion dollars into the economy over 4 years without any new tax and maintaining a balanced budget. (\$68-70 billion equates to 50% of money supply over 4 years).

When we say that the GST would go, it would go!

Other Taxes

Payroll taxes should be further reduced. The Liberal and now Conservative governments have milked the system to bolster general revenue at the expense of workers and employers. Our monetary policy would end the boom-bust cycle so there would be no need to maintain big surpluses in anticipation of the next recession.

Tax Reform

We would undertake a general review of our extremely complicated tax system to make it fairer, simpler and more equitable.



Whereas:

1. One of the key lessons -perhaps the greatest of all that was discovered from the embers of World War II, and then forgotten has to do with the unique value of human capital, and
2. At the end of the struggle Washington sent hundreds of young Economists to Germany and Japan to study the extent of the destruction and from that to forecast how long it was likely to take these two Defeated powers to become formidable competitors on world markets once more... Two decades later, one of these Theodore Schultz of the University Of Chicago, wrote that it was remarkable how wide of the mark they were in their predictions. The reason for the miss was, he declared, that they concentrated on physical destruction, and underestimated the importance of the highly educated and disciplined work force, that had come through the struggle relatively intact.
3. From the experience he concluded that investment in human capital education, and hence health and all social services are the most productive investments a country can make.
4. The depreciation of human capital is a slow one, since the offspring of bright educated people tend to be brighter and more easily educated and socially well-adjusted. Yet nowhere in official statistics is human capital in education or the environment treated as a public investment. On the contrary, understaffed schools and colleges are seen as a success in budget -balancing and responsibility.

Therefore:

Be it resolved that CAP/PAC demand that the Canadian government treat human capital as a public investment.



Investment into Canada no longer needs to be in the best interest for Canadians.

There is much discussion, laws under review and current leadership direction on whether or not Canada should proceed in joining a North American Union with USA and Mexico. Investment and trade agreements are no longer just based on the fact if they benefit Canadians.

Through Free Trade Agreements, foreign investment companies into Canada under the National Treatment Clause, are given an unrestricted right to invest into Canada. Foreign Companies have the complete right and backing to sue any of our municipal, provincial and even federal governments for any laws passed that affects their profits or future profits.

The North American Free Trade agreement is a treaty primarily about investment and corporate rights. It created a free trade zone between Canada, United States, and Mexico. By giving the green light to foreign corporations to buy up resources and to outsource jobs, it has given unrestricted access to corporations, eliminating the ability of national governments to protect industry.

A country that cannot meet the production needs of the Nation, cannot claim to be truly sovereign. Almost all trade deals erode the sovereignty of the country as quick as they eliminate good paying jobs from the Canadian production lines. Canada cannot compete with the cheap labour and low environmental standards offered by many of countries that we do business with. This can be seen in Chapter 11 of the NAFTA agreement where foreign companies can actually take Canada to NAFTA court when they believe they have lost revenue or potential earning capacity through some fault of the different levels of government. Examples of this has already occurred.

Fair Trade allows sovereign nation-states to use their discretion to determine which foreign investment is in the best interest of its people. Blanket Free Trade agreements are a threat to national sovereignty and the democratic rights of nation-states' citizens.

We believe Canada should exercise its sovereignty and regain its monetary and economic sovereignty.

CAP Therefore will do the following;

- 1) Reject any further integration of Canada, United States and Mexico
- 2) Abrogate NAFTA
- 3) Reject any future free trade agreements
- 4) Create FAIR trade policies
- 5) Create trade policies that are in the best interest of Canadians.



Pro-Active Trade Deals

Canadians have been duped! We were led to believe that the Canada - U.S. Free Trade Agreement (FTA) and the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) were “free trade” agreements. They were not! They are a Charter of Rights for Corporations.

Canadian Action Party fully supports fair and responsible trade FTA, NAFTA, CAFTA do not represent fair trade.

The National Treatment Clause

The most under-discussed ‘clause’ means that foreign investors have the unrestricted right to invest in Canada: (a) without conditions and, (b) without limits. We have lost the right to say that only foreign investment that is beneficial to Canada is welcome.

NAFTA must be abrogated! — It must be cancelled!

NAFTA is worse than FTA because of ‘Chapter 11’ which allows U.S. and Mexican investors the right to sue us if any of our governments, federal, provincial or municipal, passes or amends a law that affects their profits or future profits. North American Security and Prosperity Initiative must be cancelled. Smart Regulations must be cancelled.



Most Canadians believe that this is not the moment for parliamentary bickering. They think there are more important priorities and we agree. In fact, we think the threat of globalization and the loss of sovereignty it entails is a greater threat to both Québec and Canada than our internal differences. Recent polls indicate that English and French-speaking Canadians may be a lot closer in their wording can be found which will recognize Quebec's distinctiveness while reassuring other Canadians that this does not deny equality. Most important, the Canadian people would be widely consulted before any decisions were reached and the final recommendations would be submitted to electors for a decision by means of a binding referendum.




Whereas:

1. The Agenda of the corporate/financial/military elite of North America is to unify the territories currently occupied by Canada, USA, and Mexico into one entity with a new border around the perimeter of North America under their aegis and control;
2. This agenda is currently being implemented by the cooperation and duplicity of the governments and civil and military bureaucracy of the three nations;
3. The media and the corporate political parties of Canada currently sitting in Parliament are silent or deny that the restructuring of Canada is occurring;
4. The majority of Canadians are uninformed of this phenomenon, and have been given no opportunity to become informed;
5. The position of Member of Parliament has already become almost irrelevant except to rubber-stamp the will of the Corporate/financial elite;

Therefore:

1. The Canadian Action Party will consider specific actions to warn Canadians and to protest the creation of a North American Union such as:
 - a) Simultaneous sit-ins at the office of every MP in Canada;
 - b) A major campaign identifying and targeting the particular MP's mandate to implement the dismantling of Canada; and
 - c) Identifying and boycotting the corporations and individuals who are participating in this agenda.
2. A lawsuit to challenge the constitutionality of the NAU

The Canadian Action Party call for the immediate withdrawal of all government participation in the North American Union, including withdrawal of participation in the military Bilateral Planning Committee; the dissolution of the North American Competitiveness Council (Canadian membership was announced by P.M. Harper in June, 2006); an end to the annual meetings of the three leaders of Canada, USA and Mexico on this NAU impetus; the abrogation of NAFTA; and



the cessation of the NAFTA model expansion into all areas of Canadian affairs; defence, international trade, finance, immigration, justice, et cetera

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Social policies are tied to our trade and monetary policies. Most importantly, CAP would abrogate (cancel) trade agreements that contain a "national treatment clause" allowing us to regain control over our social policies.

- We would ensure that money creation was shared between the Bank of Canada on behalf of the people and private banks to adequately fund our social needs
- Ensure that all of society has access to affordable housing, especially our most vulnerable, our mentally ill, disabled, elderly and our children.
- Support construction of cooperative housing and (subsidized housing in mixed income neighborhoods to assist the working poor.
- Ensure that the minimum wage across Canada is sufficient to sustain a reasonable standard of living.



Protecting the Nation and Promoting Peace in the World

Canadian Action Party is fully committed to a Canadian National Defence Program, for Canada, commanded by Canadians in the service of Canadian interests, both domestic and international. Years of under-funding and reductions in manpower have taken their toll on morale in the Armed Forces. Although we have seen an increase in funding for Canadian military we see very little reflection of Canadian values in the present system.

CAP is committed to fully fund, fully equip and fully support our troops; in their mandate to defend Canada's interest both at home and around the world.

Prime Minister Harper says that Canadian troops are fighting in Afghanistan because of the deaths of 24 Canadians from the fall of the World Trade Center on 9/11. However, to many questions linger as to who was responsible for those tragic events.

Therefore:

Be it resolved that the Canadian Action Party calls for:

- An immediate withdrawal of our troops from Afghanistan;
- The slashing of the military budget and restoration of funding for health, education, housing infrastructure, municipalities, et cetera.
- Perform a parliamentary review of future roles and capability of Canada's military.
- Use a common sense monetary policy that would make it possible for us to afford funding for defense without sacrificing social programs.
- Ensure adequate funding for the **sole** purpose of peacekeeping, protecting our sovereign coastal and Arctic borders and disaster relief.
- Stop investing Canadian Pension Plan funds in companies that manufacture 33 of the weapons used in the War against Iraq.
- End government contracts to military companies involved in missile defense, land mines and weapons containing depleted uranium.
- Remove Canadian war planners from the Bi-national Planning Group and NORTHCOM.
- End the culture of war mentality that is driving the greed and lust for power, control and dominance of people all over the world. CAP seeks to promote policies, which support peace and freedom for all.



Arts, Culture and CBC

Canadian Action Party believes that culture is the soul of a nation and for that reason it would increase funding to the National Arts Council and the CBC.

Although not all Canadians see the significance of our CBC it provides much of the sinew of continuity that makes us Canadian. The Canadian Action Party believes that a vibrant and CBC is a symbol of a vibrant Canada. We would like it to be a vehicle for our national voice reflecting all regions and views of Canada.



Several laws passed in the name of security that are threats to Civil Liberties.

Canadian Action Party recognizes that fear is the most critical factor threatening freedom in any country. Whether it be fear of freedom to speak, voice opinions that differ from government or the freedom to walk at night on our streets.

We believe laws are created to facilitate ease of movement in a civilized society. They are not meant to control society as in a police state. It has to be acknowledged that fear is one of the predominant emotions of our times. Women, especially, are afraid to walk alone at night - sometimes, even in the daytime. So a principal aim of CAP's policy is to reduce that fear to the maximum extent possible in today's society.

Canadian Action Party believes that prevention should be the policy of choice for a just society. We know that poverty contributes to crime rates. We know that children who live in poverty are less likely to excel in school, and to be left unsupervised.

Criminals are not born they are created! We know that opening up extracurricular activities to all our children will keep them healthy, active in positive ways and less likely to begin a path of criminal behaviour out of boredom. A full athletic program within a publicly funded school system would assist with that goal.

On the subject of abortion, we respect the Supreme Court decision of 1998, which ruled in favour of a woman's right to choose. And we fully endorse the Charter of Rights declaration of equality of gender, race, religion, and sexual orientation. We also fully respect our member's right to moral conscience. Therefore all elected Canadian Action Party MP's are free to vote according to their conscience on moral issues.

All people in our society need to be given the tools to become contributing members of society and we believe it is government's role to create policy that encourages that atmosphere.

CAP Therefore will do the following;

- 1) Establish a citizens committee allowed to conduct investigations into police, military and intelligence organizations on matters of concern to Canadians.
- 2) Fund additional judges to ensure the court system is fair and more expeditious.
- 3) Stiffer penalties to hardened criminals and elimination of automatic parole
- 4) Stronger rehabilitation programs for first time offenders and minor crimes.
- 5) Pledge a policy of greater employment for Canadians, less than 4% unemployed

Law, Order and Justice Policy

Civil and Human Rights



Canadian Action Party recognizes that fear is the most critical factor threatening freedom in any country. Whether it be fear of freedom to speak, voice opinions that differ from government or the freedom to walk at night on our streets.

We believe laws are created to facilitate ease of movement in a civilized society. They are not meant to control society as in a police state. There are several laws which are being passed or have already been passed in the name of security which CAP believes are threats to our civil liberties and democracy.

It has to be acknowledged that fear is one of the predominant emotions of our times. Women, especially, are afraid to walk alone at night - sometimes, even in the daytime. So a principal aim of CAP's policy is to reduce that fear to the maximum extent possible in today's society.

There are two characteristics predominant amongst people who commit crimes. First, the vast majority has been abused at some stage of their lives. Second, the majority is unemployed at the time the crime is committed. This is one more powerful reason that the Canadian Action Party is committed to a policy of full employment (about 4% unemployed).

Achieving that, in itself, would reduce the crime rate significantly.

Of those who do commit crimes there are two distinct categories. The first includes hardened criminals and repeat offenders. For those, we would provide stiff penalties and eliminate automatic parole. The second comprises first-time offenders and persons guilty of minor crimes. For these we would ease their path back into civil life and encourage them to stay clean. Rehabilitation is by far the most cost-effective way of treating criminal behaviour.

We would give judges wider discretion about trying young offenders in adult court. We know of young people who have committed serious crimes because they knew they would not be subject to the full impact of the law.

Another reform would be to fund enough additional judges so that cases could be tried more expeditiously. It is totally unacceptable to see cases, including serious crimes, being dismissed because too much time had elapsed.

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Gun Ownership Policy

Civil and Human Rights



Gun Control Legislation has been a ‘Boondoggle! Like most Canadians we are deeply concerned about the irresponsible use of guns and applaud measures to keep them out of the hands of criminals, people with criminal records and the mentally challenged.

Further effort is required to restrict the import of guns into Canada illegally. We also note that since the inception of the latest ‘boondoggle’ called the new gun registry, it appears that violence with the use of guns has risen. Prior to it being brought into effect Canadian Action Party had this to say “We have searched widely but have found no evidence, however, that the registration of rifles and shotguns, as set out in Bill C-68, will save lives. The available evidence merely indicates that the exercise will be very, very expensive and a considerable nuisance to some Canadians, especially those from rural areas, westerners, northerners, and Aboriginal people.

Consequently we would repeal Bill C-68 so that it would no longer be necessary to have a permit to own rifles and shotguns and there would be no necessity to register them.

We are convinced that there are other ways to spend the same amount of money that would save more lives while eliminating a lot of aggravation for thousands of honest Canadian citizens.

Firearm Acquisition Certificates would, of course, still be required to prevent angry or unstable persons from buying firearms.

Now that we have seen it implemented, we once again are forced to observe that our money has been mismanaged. As we suspected registration of long-guns or rifles would do little to decrease crime or prevent loss of life. We need responsible government capable of making solid policy on the issues that matter. We cannot afford government that overspends, underestimates costs of projects and doesn’t do the necessary homework before creating policy.



Whereas:

Prime Minister Harper has said Canadian troops were sent to fight in Afghanistan as a result of the 24 Canadians who died on September 11th, 2001.

The complete democratic fibre of Canada is being dismantled on the grounds of a threat to national security arising out of the 9/11 incidents. A fundamental tenet of a free society is the right to be fully informed. The antiterrorist laws are the enforcement tools being used to create a North American unified entity that is intended to replace Canada, USA, and Mexico.

But there is overwhelming evidence that the official investigation looking into the causes of the destruction of three towers in New York City, of the destruction of a part of the Pentagon, and of the supposed crash of an airliner in the fields of Shanksville, Pennsylvania on September 11, 2001 was grossly inadequate.

The questions arising upon examination of the evidence by noteworthy experts from all relevant fields of scientific inquiry are so numerous and so profound as to challenge the legitimacy of the entire “anti-terrorist” mentality and program, and in particular, the Al Qaeda “conspiracy theory” of their responsibility for attacking the U.S.A.

Some interesting facts to consider:

- Osama bin Laden is no longer suspected of, nor have the FBI found any evidence linking him to the attacks of September 11th, 2001 and recently disbanded the FBI team responsible for tracking him down.
- President Bush seems to have lost all interest in finding Osama bin Laden.
- Unprecedented liberty stripping and police state laws have been enacted with more set to come in Canada, the USA, Great Britain, and Australia, as a direct result of the tragic events of September 11th, 2001.

Therefore:

- 1) The Canadian Action Party calls for the immediate establishment of a Royal Commission to examine all evidence and to take sworn testimony so as to ascertain what really happened on September 11, 2001 and to disclose all its findings to the public forthwith, whereas 24 Canadians met with their death as a direct result.
- 2) The CAP/PAC calls for an immediate moratorium on all Canadian antiterrorist legislation pending the results of this Royal Commission.

Citizens Investigation Committee Policy

Civil and Human Rights



Whereas:

The RCMP, CSIS and the Military Intelligence have all participated in the cover-up of the true causes of the 9-11 terrorist attacks and failed to fulfill their duties to the Canadian public and to serve honourably our police and military personnel.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party calls for the establishment of a citizens committee to conduct a thorough investigation of the police, intelligence and military communities in order to expose the systemic corruption which has infested these services; and to support a new generation of honourable men and women to assume the superior posts within these services



INTERIM POLICY

Whereas:

The native community has historically suffered from incursions, abuses and destruction as a result of colonization, marginalization and the suppression of their people and culture. At the present time, native bands across the country are involved in disputes with the government and corporations over land claims and the ongoing corporate seizures of lands and resources. Further, the Canadian government has consistently failed to honour treaty obligations, to investigate serious crimes committed against the native communities (particularly the genocide against native communities), and to protect native rights and freedoms.

Therefore:

It is the intention of CAP to seek direct input from First Nations communities across Canada to work with us so that we can learn what policies best address native issues; and to search mutually for ways in which we can transform the corruption of the Canadian government and corporate sectors, the police services and judiciary, so as to restore justice and individual rights within Canada while enabling aboriginal communities to thrive. CAP will ideally have a native person to serve as the Chair of the Native and Aboriginal Peoples' Affairs Committee and we invite submissions from the native community to help shape our policies for the future.



Investing in our Future

The Canadian Action Party believes in universal access to a public educational system. And, whereas education is a provincial responsibility — All Canadians have a direct interest in a well-educated future generation.

To ensure education is not just a choice dependent on family or personal wealth CAP would:

- Transfer between \$1 billion to \$1.5 billion a year to the provinces for the express purpose of reducing tuition fees and bringing them down to 1990-91 levels.
- Make direct, low interest loans to students.

- Allow the interest paid on existing loans to be deducted from taxable income for tax purposes.
- Support the teaching of the liberal arts and resist the effort to restrict education to readily marketable skills.
- Prevent corporations from having too much power and influence in the educational process.
- Reinstigate the teaching of skills that encourage how to think, calculate, assess and adapt to real life; as opposed to being indoctrinated or taught what to think.
- Keep universities free of public/private partnerships, which benefit private corporate interests like military contractors and scientific experimental labs involved in the genetic modification of life etc. See <http://torontoraginggrannies.nonprofitnet.ca/Militarization> for background information

- Bring back the basics of teaching government function, how it works, the purpose of government and encourage all citizens to participate fully in the democratic process
- Make monetary systems, (economics, how money is created, etc.) part of the education curriculum from K to grade 12 mandatory, in conjunction with Civic responsibilities.



Health – Healthy Babies Healthy Society

Today, our health care system is a national emergency. Canadian Action Party knows how to fix it without turning the system over to private for profit interests. The Bank of Canada could be used to finance its health and survival. This could be achieved by creating and spending money into circulation specifically targeted for health care needs: hospitals (see also CANADA INFRASTRUCTURE BONDS), doctors, nurses, technicians, equipment, and so on.

After federal funding cuts of \$25 billion over the past ten years, CAP supports the minority government decision to put federal funding back up to 25%. We need more we need to immediately:

- Make natural holistic remedies available under Medicare.
- Scientific studies on Genetically Modified Organisms, irradiation and vaccines
- Foster a genuine Canadian drug industry vs. giant for profit U.S. drug industry
- Promote preventative medicine with emphasis on how poverty, stress and pollution affect health.

Canadian Action Party Supports the implementation of The Romanow Report, which made it abundantly clear that Canadians want adequately funded universal health care that includes home care and a drug plan.

Two years of intergovernmental bickering have brought federal funding back up to 25% however, there are no conditions attached and, Prime Minister Paul Martin has already created a new cabinet post to oversee public-private partnerships.

To prevent the privatization of health care the Canadian Action Party would:

- Place a moratorium on all public/private partnerships
- Enforce labeling of genetically modified and irradiated foods
- Ensure that Canada Health Act is enforced

Finally, Canadians must understand that any decent health-care system in this country requires three major changes:

- 1) We must cancel the Canada/U.S. Free Trade Agreement and NAFTA because these "trade" deals give U.S. corporations the right to challenge the very existence of Medicare by claiming it is a trade irritant which distorts the "free" market. We can do so with six months notice.
- 2) We must stop the sell-out of Canada to large foreign corporations, and maintain control over our resources and industries. A country is no longer independent — and can't afford social programs — if its assets and decision-making are controlled beyond its borders. The end of Canada means the end of Medicare.
- 3) We must reform our monetary system. Right now, our money creation is a virtual monopoly of the private banks. The Canadian ACTION Party will return to the economic and monetary system we had from 1939 to 1974 when the money-creation function was shared between the government of Canada, through the Bank of Canada, and private banks. This would provide the fiscal flexibility necessary to fund health care and other essential services without increasing taxes.



Respecting Our Elders — Pension Reform

The pension system in Canada is really a mess and the adjustments Paul Martin made to the Canadian Pension Plan when he was finance minister were merely tinkering. They result in a huge tax increase without producing either stability or equity. Generation X has no confidence that the CPP will survive until they retire. In addition, some people now retire with four or five pensions, while others have only one.

There is a need to call a round table on pension reform that includes seniors, economists, pension consultants and industry with federal and provincial governments. The objective will be to devise a universal system that will be fully vested from day one, fully portable, completely fair and adequate to meet retirement needs. Meanwhile the existing pension rights for seniors will be fully guaranteed.

One of the great injustices in the present system is that of pensions for Members of Parliament. CAP would change the law so that MP's would not get their pensions until age 65. One of the objects of pension reform would be to treat Members of Parliament in exactly the same way as other citizens.



Fairness & Equality for Families

Canadian Action Party stands with all Canadians to support fairness and equality for parents, for children and therefore for families. Children are an investment in our future our seniors are the investors of our past. We must respect and support all individuals in a just, civil and fair society.

- We need to ensure a fair living wage for people regardless of gender
- We need to eradicate child poverty, a commitment that Canada made to our children to eradicate poverty by the year 2000, it is now 2006 and the poverty rates for children have risen. This is unacceptable.
- We support women to be treated equal in Canadian law, in the workplace and in family and parental rights.
- We support men to be treated equal in Canadian law, in the workplace and in family and parental rights.
- We stand with Canadians against family abuse and violence in our society.
- We stand with parents to protect their children's right to healthcare, education and the essentials of life.
- We support policy to assist with childcare choices, daycare accessibility, and honouring the right and responsibilities of stay at home parents.
- We stand with seniors and their right to be respected at all stages of their lives.
- We support the importance of long-term care and home care to assist families in caring for their aging parents and all seniors. The Canadian Action Party believes that all of our policies on social programs, education and public healthcare provide the much-needed support for families to thrive in our society.
- We value the very essence of family in its role to support healthy children to grow, learn and become our future responsible leaders.
- We encourage government to assist families to thrive and not struggle for the very basics of life, including homes, sufficient healthy food choices, healthcare and a clean nontoxic environment.
- We support children by supporting their parents to access full-time employment, daycare when necessary, and strong, fair family law legislation.



Elimination of Poverty

There is no greater problem facing Canada and the world than the elimination of poverty. This very large task is within our abilities because there is more than enough wealth and production ability in the world to accomplish it. In 1989 the 3 main political parties in Canada agreed to alleviate poverty in Canada by the year 2000. By 2005 (16 years later) poverty had increased by 20%.

Guaranteed Liveable Income Policy

Sovereignty



Whereas:

A just transition to the sustainable and affordable public health and safety initiative is required to address the impact of climate change on Canadian communities.

A CAP government will implement a guaranteed liveable income.



Canadians want a new Parliament that brings their concerns to Ottawa.

It is insulting to watch Members of Parliament behave during Question Period. MP's follow party line and do not focus on the core issues affecting Canadians. MP's need to have a real function in the legislative process.

CAP believes in the restoration of the MP as a representative of his or her constituents. Not as a simple voter for their Party. In this day and age, Corporations and private lobbying groups have a far greater say on policy than the average Canadian.

It is time to empower the Members of Parliaments to be an interactive bridge between the constituents and the Parliamentary process. It must be done in the best interest of Canadians by Canadians. Greater access to media outlets by all parties and a reduction of corporate donations to Government parties will ensure greater fairness in the political arena.

Full Accountability, Accessibility, and Representation are essential elements of a democratic system of government. The current system and practice of government in Canada serves Canadians very poorly. Absence of secrecy in the party and in the governance of the country is critical for the growth of a Sovereign Canada.

Canadian Action Party fully supports the need to introduce more open participatory democracy.

CAP Therefore will do the following;

- 1) Make all votes in the Commons "free votes" where MP's could vote accordingly to their wishes of their constituents.
- 2) Adapt a more British style question period increasing decorum and effectiveness of the House.
- 3) Allow MP's to have more access to draft legislation to allow them to clearly express the wishes of their constituents.
- 4) Introduce a Jury senate to create a stronger second thought process for legislation.
- 5) Committed to citizen initiatives and referendums.

Members of Parliament Policy

Parliamentary Reform



Canadians have expressed great dissatisfaction with the way parliament works today.

Canadians are insulted with the behaviour of our MP's during Question Period and don't like to see the party whip used to make MP's follow party line. We understand and agree.

We would change the rules for question period-in part, limiting the number of days ministers spend in Question period.

We would make all votes in the Commons, except those clearly defined as votes of no confidence, "free votes" where MPs could vote according to their conscience and the wishes of their constituents.

We would change the rules for Question Period. The principle of Question Period is good. Ministers should be accountable for their actions. But to have them all there five days a week, like a row of sitting ducks in a shooting gallery, is an incalculable waste of time.

Instead, we would adopt some variation of the British system under which ministers are questioned in rotation. Advance notice of the questions would be given, but supplementary questions on the same subject would be allowed. Two days a week the Prime Minister would answer questions of either a general or urgent nature. Not only would a change along these lines bring improved decorum to the House, it would multiply the hours ministers have available to learn their departments and make the decisions that might otherwise be left in abeyance.

We would give Members of Parliament a real function in the legislative process. We would actually have MPs in all party committees draft legislation for submission to Parliament. This would be a sharp departure from the present practice where nearly all legislation is written by public servants, approved by cabinet and rammed through parliament with the help of the government whip. The advantage of giving MPs a greater role is that most legislation would then be nonpartisan, the product of the best minds from all the parties. It would allow MPs to more clearly express the wishes of their constituents, and it would make MPs "somebodies" instead of nobodies.

As the "first past of the post" method of electing members of parliament does not result in a House which truly reflects the views of the electorate, the Canadian Action Party is committed to the principle of proportional representation which would result in a Commons more in tune with the real wishes of voters.

One of our reform policies has already been addressed. Specifically that is with regard to drastically reducing the amount of money corporations could contribute to a party, so their money wouldn't play such a dominant role in election campaigns. We would require television and radio stations to provide limited amounts of free advertising to all parties as a public service.

One further concern is the lack of any popular control of government between elections. The party whips are so pervasive that voter's wishes are often ignored. Consequently we are committed to citizen's initiatives and referendum based on the Swiss model. We are convinced that if such a system had been placed it is likely that we would have been spared the Free Trade Agreement, NAFTA and the Goods and Services Tax.

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Direct Democracy Structure

Whereas:

Full Accountability, Accessibility, and Representation are essential elements of a democratic system of government. The current system and practice of government in Canada serves Canadians very poorly. The practice and experience of most political parties in Canada is of internal tyranny. There is a desire among CAP members that a method of operation in CAP/PAC be created to prevent sabotage, takeover, and tyranny.

Therefore:

The legal and Constitutional Affairs Committee and the Organization Committee will examine and consider policies of direct democracy including a Swiss style referendum system to govern CAP and Canada, and to make recommendations on the wording of a policy to be put to the CAP/PAC membership for vote by referendum.

Making Democracy Work

Canadian Action Party fully supports the need to introduce more open participatory democracy. There are several proposals open for discussion. We believe that there are occasions when Canadians ought to be called on to assist in choosing the right plan for Canada. Referendum is one of those options. We are open to discussion on this subject.

Anti-Secrecy Policy

Parliamentary Reform



Whereas:

Secrecy is the breeding ground of power abuse and corruption and is the modus operandi of the forces operating Canada and the world.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party commits to complete openness as a fundamental principle to democracy and to a complete absence of secrecy in the party and in governance of the country.

Electronic Voting Machines Policy

Parliamentary Reform



Ban Electronic Voting Machines Petition

The Canadian Action Party deems it as unacceptable the use of any and all electronic voting machines and will execute as soon as possible the implementation of an online petition across Canada by the CAP Executive. On the cessation of polling, CAP shall have the number of names delivered to Mr. Marc Mayrand, Chief Electoral Officer of Canada.

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An Elected Senate

Canadian Action Party sees the need to reform the Senate. We see it as a very important vehicle for second thought before legislation is passed. We have reviewed various ideas on senate reform and believe that the 'Jury Senate' is by far the best proposal for real democracy to function.

Elected Senate in Detail

From the 1930s to the end of the 20th century, senate reform has periodically appeared in the platform of some political parties. The only reform that took place, however, was that when the Liberals were in power they appointed Liberal senators and when the Tories were in power they appointed Tory senators. A handful of Independents were rare exceptions. More recently the Reform Party (Alliance) has been pushing the Triple E Senate - elected, equal and effective. But this American idea wouldn't fly in Canada. We don't have 50 states. We have ten provinces and three territories of vastly different size and population.

There is no way that British Columbia, Ontario and Québec would settle for the same number of seats as Prince Edward Island. Other ideas have included giving the power to appoint senators to provincial governments. But this was perceived as potentially fractious and self-serving on the part of the provinces. The search remained for an elected senate which would not have the wide-ranging power of the U.S. Senate but would still act as a genuine check on a House of Commons dominated and dictated to by the government party whip at the whim of an all powerful prime minister.

The "Jury" Senate

Originally the brainchild of Frank Stronach, the concept of a jury senate is novel and meets the test of providing both fundamental reform and a workable system. It would provide both the "sober second thought" that has been the present Senate's principal rationale for continued existence, in the face of pressure to abolish it altogether, and a real populist counter-balance to the near absolute power of Canada's prime ministers - greater, proportionally, than the president of the United States.

The original plan for the "jury" senate called for one senator to be elected for each two electoral districts for a total of 150. The Canadian Action Party has opted instead for one senator for each three electoral districts (approximate) for a total of 101. There are two reasons for the change.

The first reason is practical housekeeping. The present Senate Chamber will accommodate 101 whereas it is too small for 150. Even more compelling is the fact that under the following proposal 101 is ample to balance the power of the Commons while 150 might be too overpowering and dominant. With a 101 total the initial distribution would be something like this. Newfoundland 2,



Prince Edward Island 1, Nova Scotia 4, New Brunswick 4, Québec 25, Ontario 34, Manitoba 5, Saskatchewan 5, Alberta 9, British Columbia 11 and the three Northern Territories 1.

In order to keep provincial representation in round numbers some senate constituencies would be slightly more or slightly less than the Commons constituencies. This would not interfere in any way with the smooth operation of the system.

The House of Commons would be elected as it is now on a partisan basis. The "jury" senate, on the other hand would be non-partisan and vote as individuals. The Chief Electoral Officer would choose candidates for the "jury" senate from the permanent list of electors by computer random selection. Twenty or twenty-five names would be drawn and they would be asked to indicate whether or not they would like to stand for election.

Those that replied in the affirmative would be asked to submit a two-page summary of their background experience and reasons why they would like to serve in public office, together with a photograph. The Chief Electoral Officer would have the information transcribed in standard form and mail it to each qualified elector in the senatorial district at public expense.

This would eliminate the need for campaigning in the traditional way, putting up signs and buying advertising, which would be prohibited, so that there would be a level playing field between candidates and they would be beholden to no one except the taxpayers at large. Once elected, the senate would vote with the Commons on all measures. This means that government legislation would have to meet the non-partisan test of the senators. It is doubtful that measures such as the GST or the restricted compensation for victims of Hepatitis C would have withstood such a test. "Jury" senators would only be allowed to serve for one term unless, by miraculous coincidence, their name was drawn a second time by random sample. This way they would be completely free to vote as their conscience and common sense dictated. The only general exception to the one term rule would be in the event parliament was dissolved before it had served 2 1/2 years of its statutory 5 year limit in which case the entire senate would be considered re-elected and only any vacancies existing at the time would be filled by ballot.

The Canadian Action Party is convinced that of all the proposals it has seen so far for senate reform or an elected senate that the "Jury Senate" is by far the best. It is fair, fundamental and populist. Ordinary voters would have their voices clearly heard without the distortions that often occur when they are screened through political parties. The "Jury Senate" would be a giant step in the direction of a more genuine democracy.



Canada's natural resources for future generations are in jeopardy.

We must always strive to create an atmosphere where people can live in a healthy manner. We must encourage responsible decisions and penalize decisions, which are detrimental to the environment.

CAP supports the family farm, organic foods, sustainable, responsible agriculture, fisheries and forests. We support that water is a human right and not a commodity to be sold for profit. Our food, water, air and soil are the basis to sustain all life forms. We cannot afford to sacrifice one for the sake of greed or pursuit of profit.

The Canadian Action Party acknowledges the extremely high priority, that environmental concerns demand and would provide financial assistance in research, development and application of all progressive measures necessary to meet the objectives of sustainability.

Agriculture at the present depends on high input costs in relation to intolerably thin profit margins. In fact, we experienced negative margins in 2003. The supply management sectors, which are geared to domestic consumption, are the only profitable sectors aside from a few niche specialty operations.

The Canadian Action Party Policy embraces a comprehensive foundation needed to transform agriculture into a new, dynamic and profitable vocation for farmers, rural communities, and by extension, all of Canada.

CAP Therefore will do the following;

- 1) Reduce the use of fossil fuels through alternative energy solutions
- 2) Invest into major research into finding new products that will grow on farms here for predominantly Canadian market needs.
- 3) Develop environmental standards for waste and packaging reduction.
- 4) Listen and implement the ideas and solutions of fishermen on both coasts.
- 5) Initiate a return to "local grown food" campaign to promote small farms.

Global Warming Policy

Environment



UNDER REVISION

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Cleaning Up Our Toxic Country

All policies must be respectful of our environment. We must always strive to create an atmosphere where people can live in a healthy manner. We must encourage responsible decisions and penalize decisions, which are detrimental to the environment. Our food, water, air and soil are the basis to sustain all life forms. We cannot afford to sacrifice one for the sake of greed or pursuit of profit.

We support the family farm, organic foods, sustainable, responsible agriculture, fisheries and forests. We support the Kyoto Protocol and water as a human right.

Environmental Concerns

We must reduce the use of fossil fuels to meet the Kyoto Accord. In order to achieve this goal we shall adopt a similar energy strategy to Europe, which includes: 1) energy conservation; 2) renewable energy such as wind, solar, hydroelectric and geothermal; 3) use cleanest available fossil fuel in the most efficient way possible. In particular, we shall review the development of the Alberta tar sand's and its contribution towards global warming. In situations involving resource extraction we shall seek alternatives that provide jobs and prosperity without damaging wildlife habitat or contributing to CO2 emissions.

To meet our transportation needs we shall establish the manufacture of a hybrid Canadian made car, promote car sharing, fuel efficiency, public transit, rail, and urban planning for pedestrians and bicycles, within cities and outlying urban areas.

The Canadian Action Party acknowledges the extremely high priority, that environmental concerns demand and would provide financial assistance in research, development and application of all progressive measures necessary to meet the objectives of sustainability. Another high priority would be garbage reduction. The Canadian Action Party would develop environmental standards for waste and packaging reduction, while helping to fund all Canadian cities willing to accept new non-polluting technology to the end that dumping in landfill sites would soon be only a distant memory.



Preamble

Canadian agriculture as a major industry got its start as a result of European wars, revolutions and by being under the umbrella of the British Empire. Traditionally the Ukraine was considered the breadbasket of Europe. As a result of the Russian Bolshevik revolution Canada was able to claim the title "Bread basket of the world". Via the British connection we: cleared land, settled land, built railways and supplied about 80% of grains to Europe. The point is it was a volume production model and unfortunately still is. In the 21st Century a profit-based model for rural communities is critical if the nation's farm resource is to survive. The world situation is vastly different and the problems faced by farmers are many faceted.

We now have competition from the former customers in Europe, and from most of South America, as well as New Zealand, Australia and the US. Nation-states have given way to global corporations with more trading power and ability to manipulate the market than the nation-states ever had. The produce volume at any cost mindset is an unparalleled opportunity for the transnationals to pit farmer against farmer and powerless nations against each other in downward price spirals. Canada can't compete very effectively in this scenario because of higher land costs, higher standard of living, short growing season, and being a subsidiary, in terms of market decision making, to the American dominated corporate sector.

Agriculture at the present depends on high input costs in relation to intolerably thin profit margins. In fact, we experienced negative margins in 2003. The supply management sectors, which are geared to domestic consumption, are the only profitable sectors aside from a few niche specialty operations.

Global Climate change is beginning to show some worrisome effects. Current agriculture policy appears blissfully unaware of any of these problems, and offers no real solutions. The marketplace has not, and will not respond to the needs of rural Canadian communities. The marketplace responds to profit taking by the trans-national traders. The crisis in Canadian agriculture is left unattended. The market rules of compete or fail places the total burden on farmers who have no resource to deal with them. We are losing, and will continue to lose independent farmers under a hand of "the market economy".

The Canadian Action Party Policy is the only political force that embraces a comprehensive foundation needed to transform agriculture into a new, dynamic and profitable vocation for farmers, rural communities, and by extension, all of Canada.

Agriculture Depends on the Abrogation of NAFTA

It is absolutely necessary to reclaim sovereignty, and with it the ability to formulate our own policies, which have the sole objective of long term economic and environmental sustainability. We will create profit-based policies to put realistic dollars into farmers' pockets. We must be free of corporate agriculture which is volume based and controlled by a few international corporations. NAFTA is the tool they have created to successfully entrench rules that guarantee their power and profit.

We as an independent nation are capable of finding markets, developing markets, and diversifying products and markets that will benefit and revitalize rural communities. In a shrinking world, the value is in the resources. We must not lose control of our farmland and the skilled people who live there. Encroaching foreign corporate ownership must be stopped.

NAFTA as an investment agreement using farmers as pawns in the hands of global traders is not in rural Canada's best interests.



The Canadian Action Party supports the following positions as set out by the **National Farmers Union**:

"A few decades of international trade liberation have increased the volumes of agricultural trade significantly. It has worked very well for the trans-national processors, traders and retailers. Volatile unstable markets abroad have replaced well paying stable markets within the region or within the country.

Trade in agricultural commodities is dictated by volumes that traders can extract for the lowest possible price from farmers in countries where they have the market power and the infrastructure to do so.

Farmers in Canada that are producing for the international commodities market is increasingly battered by low commodity prices and increased input costs. Without government subsidies, which are all geared to reward volume of production, not one farmer would survive the consequences of this trade agenda.

The IMF, WORLD BANK, WTO, NAFTA and most agricultural policies of provincial governments and the federal government have one thing in common: they work very well for trans-national processors, traders, and large retailers.

They do not work for the natural environment, for farmers, nor for consuming taxpaying citizens at large.

The Bank of Canada could be used to major research into finding new products that will grow on farms here for a predominantly Canadian market. Many of these may be non-food products such as paper, fuels and building materials. In a world that depends on stripping natural resources, it is time to develop products that can have a renewable base. It is important to develop products for domestic consumption and lessen our dependence on foreign volatile markets. Pricing for domestic consumption can reflect true costs and reasonable profit margins. We will trade globally but our survival should not be dependent on the whims of the global market place. We will strive for as much independence as possible. It is to our long-term benefit that shrinking natural resources in the world will create a demand for our surplus products and commodities.

By implementing agriculture policy's that put money into farmers' hands we will revitalize entire rural communities. This includes better margins between cost and returns. It means not accepting trans-national price-fixing on neither inputs, nor commodity returns. Climate change is real and it's a national crisis. It will require state money to change practices if we are to attempt to divert this crisis. A sovereign Canada in control of the economic levers working in cooperation with farmers is the only way to avert problems of climate change. Possible solutions may range from re-establishing wetlands on farms and the reestablishment of water replenishment areas such as wood lots. Changes and diversifying cropping practices designed to work with the nature cycles will be employed.

The ability of farmers with a history of innovation skills is critical in the battle to avert the serious effects of climate change. The money to achieve this is available at no cost. It is the same funding formula that financed the 2nd World War, the Trans-Canada highway, and the St. Lawrence Seaway.

It is time to act in rural Canada's interests. Laying the foundation as advocated by the Canadian Action Party is the only way to do this.

The Canadian Wheat Board and the Supply Management arrangements in the dairy and poultry sectors are the only tools left for Canadian farmers to exert some market power. Canadian sovereignty is crucial to defend these institutions at trade negotiations. They are under permanent attack by trade institutions.



Another phenomenon with the international commoditization of agricultural production is that there is a de-linking of the prices that consumers pay and farmers receive.

There seems to be enough power in processing, trading and retailing that they can extract the commodities for less and sell the consumer items for more" ... Jan Slomp

Richard McKelvie sets out the objectives and needs of the family farmer as follows:

The issue at its core is not money for long-term loans. The goal is to get reasonable prices for the commodities. No loans would then be needed. The goal is to promote small farms because they are and can be much more efficient than large corporate agriculture. (Diverse production involving vegetables etc will produce 1000 times more food than industrial monoculture.) The integrated transnational factory model is not ecologically sustainable. We need small farms producing for the domestic market.

We need research to find alternate crops for the land resource, i.e., building material, fuel, etc. Foreign international corporations conduct research to assist them to find the best way to extract the highest profits for them. Under NAFTA we have no power to compel research to help the small farmer or the sustainability of the land. NAFTA must be abrogated.

Climate change and "serf" prices for commodities are the deadly combination that family farmers face. Industrialization in forestry and factory farming are the primary cause of agricultural poverty and failure, and they play a major role in climate change. On the Canadian prairies, climate change means the 'desertification' of the Great Plains — The creation of desert wasteland.

Dependence on oil to operate agriculture is not sustainable. Estimates are that Canada will run out of our oil and gas reserves in about 10 to 15 years. Under NAFTA, Canada cannot cut off or reduce the supply to the U.S.A of that energy from Canada even if we need what is left for our own survival. It takes 8 units of oil to produce one unit of food.

When we run out of oil, we run out of food.



It is no secret that the Canadian farming industry is in crisis. Instead of small is beautiful, which it really is, it has become small is bankrupt or soon to be driven out of business.

This is largely the product of globalization and the so-called "free trade" agreements that have opened our country to predatory practices. A few large trans-national corporations want to monopolize the world food supply from seed to feed to production and finally processing in order to make both producers and consumers totally dependent.

Canadian officials, over-zealously pushing the ideology of a world without borders, reduced subsidies on Canadian wheat unilaterally ahead of the U.S. and the European Union. This has resulted in more than 25,000 Manitoba and Saskatchewan farmers going bankrupt in 2001 ~V a portent of worse to come.

Our supply management system for dairy and poultry products is also under attack. The Liberal government tells us that the system is not open to negotiation. But they are not telling us the truth. As long as we are subject to the FTA, NAFTA and the World Trade Organization our supply management system is doomed. There is no way to protect it as long as these treaties are in effect.

That is just one of the reasons CAP would abrogate (cancel) the FTA and NAFTA and take agriculture off the negotiating table under the WTO. Immediate and urgent action is required and if CAP is given the balance of power we will insist on regaining control over our destiny and negotiating "fair trade" agreements that are mutually beneficial.

Meanwhile the situation is so desperate, comparable to the 1930s for western farmers, we would demand extraordinary measures.

First:

A moratorium on the foreclosure of mortgages on farm properties to stabilize the situation until remedial action can be taken.

Second:

Farm mortgages would be reviewed on a case-by-case basis and debt written down to the point where the farm could be reasonably expected to operate at a profit.

Third:

Grain subsidies would be restored until the U.S. and the European Union abandon theirs, which could be quite a long time if one can believe spokesmen for the European Union. The purpose of these extraordinary measures will be to restore a way of life, which is loved by many and to prevent Canada from becoming dependent on foreign sources for our food supply. Every country should retain some independence - especially when it comes to the staff of life.

The fishing industry, too, requires careful review. Ottawa officials refused to listen to the pleas of fishermen in the Atlantic Provinces and the result has been chaos in the industry.

CAP would either listen to the people who know the business, or turn jurisdiction over to them if that proved to be the only solution. Again the needs of the inshore fishermen would be given preference over the interests of trans-national corporations.

Canada needs a hard and fast policy to protect its forests. Clear-cutting should be abolished through a national policy, and the provinces urged and rewarded for observing it. The object should be a sustainable harvest of forest products in perpetuity.

Another area of concern is our **boreal forests**. They are slow-growing trees and are being harvested at an unacceptable rate. We complain about the Brazilians devastating their rain forests to the detriment of world conservation measures. They have equal right to fault us for not protecting the boreal forests, which are also essential to the preservation of the ozone layer and the survival of our planet.



Whereas:

There are broad concerns throughout the world in regards to possible food shortage; and further, it is generally recognized that foods grown locally are often better for one's health and that they reduce the transportation costs.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party would support local and smaller farmers willing to grow organically or without so many pesticides, and encourage home and community gardens.



Whereas:

There is a massive body of research suggesting that an intentional program of spreading diseases and health problems has been underway for many years in Canada, as elsewhere in the world; and further, that many pharmaceuticals being promoted have not been adequately researched, nor their effectiveness properly followed up. Serious health risks appear to be associated with chemtrail spraying, inoculations, the fluoridation of drinking water, the use of aspartame and other additives, and the introduction of irradiated and genetically modified foods, and a range of pharmaceuticals. The government appears to consistently support the corporate agenda while putting the health of Canadians at risk.

Therefore:

The Canadian Action Party calls for the establishment of a citizens committee to conduct a thorough investigation of these highly questionable programs and a review of the existing scientific literature on these practices and substances. In the interim, the Canadian Action Party demands an immediate cessation of chemtrail spraying, and any enforced inoculations.



Canada has fallen behind world leaders because foreigners own so much of our industry.

The Canadian Action Party would:

- Reinstatement of grants that were cut back to the National Research Council, Social Sciences Research Council and Universities to help create high tech jobs in microbiology, robotics, energy and communications replacing lost jobs in manufacturing.
- Invest in Research and development into greener environmentally friendly products, alternative energy choices are no longer an option they are mandatory for our planet and our country.
- Invest in Research into cause and cure of illness such as Autism; Juvenile Diabetes and Learning Disabilities must be a priority.
- Ensure that proper independent testing and approval of all pharmaceuticals, agriculture products, pesticides etc. were conducted before they enter the market.



The film “Who killed the Electric Car?” Demonstrates that such a car is already a reality. In spite of claims to the contrary, the required battery has been developed. It allows the car to run for up to 300 miles, at current roadway speeds, before having to be recharged. The film also refutes the claim that the price of the car was “too high”, as the car hadn’t been mass-produced, nor had it been that widely advertised. The service for an electric car is minimal, since the car has no complicated internal combustion engine and does not use gas. Again, the unprecedented nature of our situation requires emergency measures, which could be taken through the use of the Bank of Canada.

This would have corollary benefits that would include:

- Keeping pace with other developed countries that produce their own cars.
- Giving a higher profile to the intelligent use of a national bank.
- Provide an example to other developed nations of practical and timely steps that can be taken to reduce the increase of global warming.
- Developing an electric car would invigorate the Canadian economy and set a precedent that other nations might wish to follow. It would also address, at the same time, another of CAP’s key policy issues: the intelligent use of the Bank of Canada.

Therefore:

To aid in the reversal of the global warming, a CAP government will vigorously promote the development of a Canadian Electric Car manufacturing industry and all other viable automobile alternatives.



WHEREAS:

Canadian auto workers are losing their jobs with further job losses looming; and further, there is a need for more energy-efficient vehicles and other energy saving technology

THEREFORE:

The Canadian Action Party would work to foster an indigenous environmentally sustainable auto sector financed in accordance with the Canadian Action Party's monetary policy through the Bank Of Canada.